Reffley Art Curriculum

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Overview

At Reffley Academy, children have a limited understanding of:

- Art throughout time history of art
- Different art movements.
- A range of artists and architects beyond the most commonly seen, e.g. Van Gogh, Picasso, Monet.
- Famous buildings, sculpture and architecture, and their significance.
- Evaluation and improving on first attempts.

Therefore, the art curriculum, at Reffley Academy, has been planned as follows:

- Children are introduced to the history of art and architecture through the use of a timeline of art movements.
- Art is taught through art movements linked to a range of artists.
- A range of artists and architects have been selected to study within each art movement, to give children a breadth of knowledge of famous artists and their work.
- Focus artwork, linked to a specific artist, has been carefully selected to ensure a wide range of coverage of well-known pieces of art within the art community.
- Children are taught to review, evaluate and improve their work, through use of sketchbooks which show exploration of design, artistic processes and annotation (in KS2).

Intent. Implementation and Impact

Intent The intention of the Art & Design curriculum is to ensure all children: Are provided with opportunities to develop their skills using a wide range of materials and media. Children will learn the skills of drawing. colour (painting), print making, textiles, sculpture and digital media. Are given the opportunity and freedom to explore and evaluate their creative ideas.

- Will be exposed to a wide range work from different artists and designers, past and present, and will develop their knowledge of different styles and key vocabulary.
- Will become reflective learners and evaluate their art work and designs, thinking about how they can make changes and improvements.
- Are encouraged to take risks and experiment with techniques and skills, and reflect on why some ideas are successful or not.

Implementation

Implementation:

- Art lessons are taught on a half-termly basis, in blocks, in order for the children to focus on a particular skill/artist.
- Lessons are well-planned, using the Progression Skills documents, to ensure that full coverage of skills is covered. Medium Term Plans for each unit of work are produced. which breaks down the unit into steps. These steps show the learning objectives that are to be achieved and the success criteria that are needed to be met.
- Fach child from Year 3 to Year 6 must have a sketch book. This sketch book will stay with the child until Year 6 and must not be sent home before the child leaves the school. If a sketch book is full, an additional sketchbook should be used and attached to the existing sketchbook. Year 1 and 2 may use a sketchbook if they wish but it is not a requirement.
- Any design work or artwork that is not recorded within sketchbooks should be recorded in the whole class Art book to show coverage of skills and learning objectives. This can be recorded as photographs and notes from the children and adults.
- Teacher assessment for Art and Design should take place and be recorded at the end each block of art taught, for every child. This is written as a list of children who are working towards expected, those that are at expected and those who are at greater depth.

Impact

Know more

- Children are taught age-related content and skills and this is ensured through using the progression skills documents and skills coverage documents.
- Children are taught about a range of significant artists, designers and architects linked to art movements throughout different periods of time, both past and present.
- Children are Children are introduced to a wide range of artists/designers through the use half-termly, whole-school projects (Artist of the Half Term).

Do more

- Children use the work of famous artists as stimuli for their own work and designs.
- Children will be explicitly taught a wide range of art techniques and given the opportunities to explore them.
- Children are encouraged, and expected, to apply the skills/techniques they have learnt when producing their own artwork.
- Children are inspired to create their own artwork as part of the half-termly, whole-school projects.

Remember more

- Children build upon skills from Reception to Year 6, by following the progression skills.
- Children will be taught through skills, which are revisited each year through their time at Reffley. Therefore, the children will have a deepened knowledge that will help them to continue to make connections across all their learning.
- Children will use a timeline of art movements, artists and key work, which they can refer to as an aid memoire.
- Children will use knowledge organisers, which contain key vocabulary and information linked to specific artists and art movements.

Overview of what is taught

EYFS	Early Learning Goal description (summative assessment)	Children use what they have learnt about media and materials in original ways, thinking about uses and purposes. They safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.
	Key notes for coverage and progression in Reception	All of the above used to design Free Flow Continuous Provision and to inform interactions and interventions in Free Flow Continuous Provision In particular, we use: paint, pens, pencils, paper, cardboard, chalks, outside concrete, messy play, experiment, look at famous artist's work, the workshop, sculpt, observe and record, mix paint and examine colour, different techniques (splodge, dab, spray) Children learn how to select materials and processes with purpose and intent. They know what they need to complete a project. Children learn to communicate, express and represent themselves in a wide variety of ways.

	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
Year	Digital Media	Drawing	Colour	Print Making	Textiles	Sculpture
1	Concha Garcia Zaera	Wassily Kandinsky	Vincent Van Gogh	Found Object Printing	Rodney McCoubrey	Andy Goldsworthy
	Landscapes using	Drawing shapes in	Painting flowers – Still life	Printing using found	Recycled trash art collage	Natural sculptures
	Microsoft Paint	different media		objects		
Year	Sculpture	Digital Media	Drawing	Colour	Print Making	Textiles
2	Michelle Reader	Andy Warhol	Frida Kahlo	Paul Klee	Yayoi Kusama	Nancy Crow
	Recycled materials	Pop Art – Microsoft Paint	Portraits/Self-portraits	Watercolour paintings	Block Printing – Patterns	Joining fabric (sewing with
	sculpture				and Psychedelic colours	running stitch)
Year	Textiles	Sculpture	Digital Media	Drawing	Colour	Print Making
3	Susan Rhodes-Simpson	Alberto Giacometti	Rene Magritte	Paul Cezanne	Pablo Picasso	Frances Gearhart
	Batik – use of glue – ink	Tin foil sculptures (with	Using digital media to	Awareness of 3D – still life	Colour and Mood	Block Printing
	resist patterns	clay or papier-mâché)	place objects in unusual			Mono Printing
			places.			
Year	Print Making	Textiles	Sculpture	Digital Media	Drawing	Colour
4	Owen Jones	Katzuhito Takadoi	Clarice Cliff	Cassius Marcellus Coolidge	Thomas Gainsborough	Georgia O'Keeffe
				& William Wegman		
	Relief Printing – repeated	Embroidery with nature	Ceramics – making clay	Anthropomorphism	Landscape drawing	Large flowers - colourful
	patterns		pots, plates			
Year	Colour	Print Making	Textiles	Sculpture	Digital Media	Drawing
5	Claude Monet	William Morris	Lucy Poskitt	Barbara Hepworth	Robert Rauschenberg	Leonardo da Vinci
	Landscapes – atmosphere	Soft-cut lino printing	Weaving	Sculptures using geometry	Collage – layering images	Light and Dark Portraits

Year	Drawing	Colour	Print Making	Textiles	Sculpture	Digital Media
6	LS Lowry	Georges Seurat	Shepard Fairey	Sir Peter Blake	Louise Bourgeois	Richard Hamilton
	Perspective Drawing	Pointillism	Screen Printing	Collage in mixed media.	Installation Art	

Progression of Skills – Generic Skills

	Generic Skills
EYFS	Selects and uses materials to work on processes that interest them.
	 Through their explorations finds out and makes decisions about how media and materials can be combined and changed.
	Talks about ideas and processes which have led them to make music, designs, images or products.
	Can talk about features of their own and others work, recognising the differences between them and the strengths of others.
Year	Record and explore ideas from first hand observations.
1	 Ask and answer questions about starting points for their work.
	Develop their ideas by trying things out, changing their minds.
	• Explore the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines,
	making links to their own work.
	Look and talk about own work and that of others and the techniques they had used.
	Identify what they might change in their current work to develop their future work.
	Use appropriate language to describe colour media, equipment and textures.
Year	Record and explore ideas from first hand observations.
2	Ask and answer questions about starting points for their work.
	Develop their ideas by trying things out, changing their minds.
	 Explore the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines,
	making links to their own work.
	 Discuss own work and others work, expressing thoughts and feelings.
	 Identify changes they might make or how their work could be developed further.
	identity changes they might make of now their work could be developed further.
Year	Select and record from first hand observation, experience and imagination, and explore ideas for different purposes.
3	 Question and make thoughtful observations about starting points and select ideas to use in their work.

	 Explore a range of artists, architects and designers in history, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, making links to their own work. Compare ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others' work and say what they think and feel about them, using knowledge and understanding of artists and techniques. Adapt their work according to their views and describe how they might develop it further. Use a sketchbook to record media explorations and experimentations, as well as planning and collecting source material for future works. Begin to annotate work in a sketchbook.
Year 4	 Select and record from first hand observation, experience and imagination, and explore ideas for different purposes. Question and make thoughtful observations about starting points and select ideas to use in their work. Further explore a range of artists, architects and designers in history, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, making links to their own work. Compare ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others' work and say what they think and feel about them. Adapt their work according to their views and describe how they might develop it further. Use a sketchbook to collect and record media explorations and experimentations, as well as planning and collecting source material for future works. Continue to annotate work in a sketchbook.
Year 5 & 6	 Select and record from first hand observation, experience and imagination, and explore ideas for different purposes. Question and make thoughtful observations about starting points and select ideas to use in their work. Further explore a range of artists, architects and designers in history, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, making links to their own work. Identify artists who have worked in a similar way to their own work. Compare ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others' work and say what they think and feel about them. Adapt their work according to their views and describe how they might develop it further. Use a sketchbook to collect and record media explorations and experimentations, as well as planning and collecting source material for future works. Continue to annotate work in a sketchbook.

Progression of Skills – Subject Specific Skills

	Drawing	Colour - Painting	3D Art - Sculpture	Print Making	Textiles - Texture	Digital Media
Year	Experiment with a	Experiment with a	Experiment with	Explore printing simple	Begin to identify	Explore ideas using
1	variety of media e.g.	variety of media;	constructing and joining	pictures with a range of	different types and	digital sources e.g.
	pencils, rubbers,	different brush sizes and	recycled, natural, and	hard and soft materials	textures of fabric and	internet, CD-ROMS,
	crayons, pastels, felt	tools.	man-made materials.	e.g. cork, sponge,	materials for collage.	iPads.
	tips, charcoal, pen,			bubble wrap.		
	chalk.	Explore lightening and	Shape and model		Collage - Create images	Use simple graphics
		darkening paint without	materials for a purpose	Use equipment and	from a variety of media	program to create
	Begin to control types of	the use of black or	from observation and	media correctly and be	e.g. photocopies, fabric,	images and effects using
	marks made with the	white.	imagination.	able to produce a clean	crepe paper, magazines	different lines by
	range of media.			printed image.	etc.	changing the size of the
		Begin to control the	Use simple 2-D shapes			brushes.
	Name, match and draw	types of marks made	to make a 3-D form.	Explore printing in relief.	Arrange and glue	
	lines from observations	with the range of media.			materials to different	Manipulate shapes by
	and invent new lines.		Impress and apply	Roll printing ink over	backgrounds.	using shape and fill
		Start to record simple	simple decoration	found objects to create		colour tools, and edit
	Observe and draw	media explorations in a	techniques (impressed,	patterns e.g. plastic	Fold, crumple, tear and	using eraser tool.
	shapes. Draw shapes in	sketch book.	painted, and applied).	mesh, stencils.	overlap papers.	
	between objects and					Use simple filters to
	invent new shapes.	Start to mix a range of	Use tools and	Build repeating patterns		manipulate and create
		secondary colours,	equipment safely and in	and recognise pattern in		images.
	Draw on different	moving towards	the correct way.	the environment.		
	surfaces with a range of	predicting resulting				Use basic selection and
	media.	colours.				cropping tools.
	Start to record simple	Ensure children know				
	media explorations in a	names of all basic				
	sketch book.	colours.				
	Produce an expanding	Find collections of colour				
	range of patterns and	e.g. different sorts of				
	textures.	green, blue, purple etc. Use language to evaluate				
		5 5				
		e.g. light/dark.				

FOCUS ARTWORK:					
Color Study: Squares	Sunflowers - Van Gogh	Examples of his work	See resource (on server)	Examples of his work	Examples of her wor
with Concentric Circles	Series (1888)	found <u>here</u> .	for examples.	found <u>here</u> .	found <u>here</u> or on her
(1913)					Instagram <u>page</u> .
Transverse Line (1923)					
Several Circles (1926)					
KEY VOCABULARY:					
Abstract art	Post-Impressionism	Contemporary art	Materials	Contemporary art	Vocabulary linked to
Expressionism	Primary colours	Land art	Hard	Found object art	tools/buttons on MS
Line	Secondary colours	2D	Soft	Different media	Paint:
Shape	Mix	3D	Roller	Recycle	Pencil
Square	Light	Materials	Ink	Collage	Brushes
Circle	Dark	Recycled	Stencil	Attach	Fill with colour
Triangle	Different media	Natural	Relief printing	Overlap	Cursor
Concentric	Water colour paint	Man-made	Block printing	Fold	Lines
Pastels	Ready mixed paint	Environment	Pattern	Crumple	Shapes
Crayons	Acrylic paint	Sculptor	Print	Layer	Size
Pencils		Sculpture			Colour
Felt tips					Rubber
Chalk					Text
Pattern					Edit
					Crop
					Landscape
					Foreground
					Background

	Drawing	Colour - Painting	3D Art - Sculpture	Print Making	Textiles - Texture	Digital Media
Year	Begin to control the	Begin to control the	Use media and	Continue to explore	Textiles – Begin to	Explore ideas using
2	types of marks made	types of marks made	equipment with	printing simple pictures	identify different forms	digital sources e.g.
	with a range of media	with a range of painting	increasing confidence.	with a range of hard and	of textiles.	internet, CD-ROMS,
	such as crayons, pastels,	techniques e.g. layering,		soft materials e.g. cork,		iPads.
	felt tips, charcoal, pen,	mixing media and	Shape, form, construct	sponge.	Match and sort fabrics	
	chalk.	adding texture.	and model from		and threads for colour,	Use simple graphics
			observation and	Create simple printing	texture, length, size and	program to create
	Continue to name,	Continue to experiment	imagination.	blocks with press print	shape.	images and effects using
	match and draw lines	in lightening and		(e.g. carving into a		different lines by

from observations and	darkening colours	Use a sketchbook to	potato).	Gain confidence in	changing the size of the
invent new lines.	without the use of black or white. Begin to mix	plan and develop simple ideas and making simple	Use equipment and	stitching two pieces of fabric. Explain how to	brushes.
Continue to observe and	colour shades and tones.	informed choices in	media correctly and be	thread a needle and	Manipulate shapes by
draw shapes. Draw		media.	able to produce a clean	have a go.	using shape and fill
shapes in between	Use a sketch book to		printed image.		colour tools, and edit
objects and invent new	plan and develop simple	Experiment with		Use a sketchbook to	using eraser tool.
shapes.	ideas and continue to	constructing and joining	Make simple marks on	plan and develop simple	
	store information on	recycled, natural, and	rollers and printing	ideas and making simple	Use simple filters to
Draw on a range of	colour mixing, the colour	man-made materials.	palettes. Take simple	informed choices in	manipulate and create
different surfaces using	wheel and colour		prints e.g. mono-	media.	images.
different media.	spectrums.	Use simple 2-D shapes	printing.		
		to make a 3-D form.		Change and modify	Use basic selection and
Use a sketchbook to	Use a brush to produce		Use a sketchbook to	threads and fabrics e.g.	cropping tools.
plan and develop simple	marks appropriate to	Use tools and	plan and develop simple	knotting, fraying,	
ideas.	work e.g. small brush for	equipment safely and in	ideas and collect	fringing, pulling threads,	
	small marks.	the correct way.	textures, patterns to	twisting, plaiting.	
Continue to investigate			inform other work.		
tone by drawing	Begin to name different			Gain experience in	
light/dark lines, patterns	types of paints and their		Experiment with	colouring textiles e.g.	
and shapes using a	properties.		overprinting motifs and	printing, fabric crayons,	
pencil.			colour.	dipping.	
			Build repeating patterns		
Observe anatomy and			and recognise pattern in		
encourage accurate			the environment.		
drawings of people.					
FOCUS ARTWORK:					
The Frame (1938)	Southern [Tunisian]	Bombus Locurum (2013)	Petals (1988)	Various examples at	Marilyn Diptych (1962)
The Two Fridas (1939)	Garden (1919)	Bellyful of Plastic (2016)	Sea (2005)	Nancy's <u>website</u> .	Shot Marilyns (1964)
Self-portrait with Thorn	Temple Gardens (1920)	Recycled Flowers (2017)	Praying for World Peace		Reigning Queens
Necklace (1940)	Flora on Sand (1927)		in the Sunlight (2016)		
KEY VOCABULARY:			- L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L		
Naïve art	Abstract art	Contemporary Art	Block printing	Contemporary art	Vocabulary linked to
Modern art	Watercolour paint	Recyclable	Potato printing	Textile	tools on MS Paint:
Portrait	Oil Paint	Sustainable	Carve	Fabric	Pop Art

Self-portrait	Acrylic paint	Materials	Printing block	Thread	Pencil
Sketch	Colour mixing	Natural	Press	Needle	Brushes
Realistic	Colour wheel	Man-made	Ink	Sew	Fill with colour
Unrealistic	Colour spectrum	Construct	Roller	Stitch	Lines
Line drawing	Primary colours	Join	Pattern	Running stitch	Shapes
Subject	Secondary colours	Tape	Repeated	Knotting	Size
Mirror	Shades	Glue	Overprint	Fringing	Colour
Features	Tints	String	Texture	Fraying	Rubber
Face	Tones	Cut	Motif	Plaiting	Text
Hair	Paint brush	Stick			Edit
Eyes	Repetition	2D			Crop
Nose		3D			Cut
Mouth					Сору
Ears					Paste
					Overlay

	Drawing	Colour - Painting	3D Art - Sculpture	Print Making	Textiles - Texture	Digital Media
Year	Develop intricate	Demonstrate increasing	Use equipment and	Print simple pictures	Textiles – Show	Record and collect visual
3	patterns/marks with a	control of the types of	media with confidence.	using different printing	awareness and name a	information using digital
	variety of media.	marks made and		techniques.	range of different	cameras and video
		experiment with	Plan, design and make		fabrics.	recorders.
	Experiment with ways in	different effects and	models from	Continue to explore		
	which surface detail can	textures e.g. blocking in	observation or	mono-printing,	Apply decoration using	Present recorded visual
	be added to drawings.	colour, washes,	imagination.	impressed and relief	beads, feathers, buttons	images using software
		thickened paint creating		printing.	etc.	e.g. iPads applications,
	Make marks and lines	textural effects.	Learn to secure work to			PowerPoint etc.
	and create textures and		continue at a later date.	Demonstrate experience	Explore using paste	
	patterns with a wide	Introduce different		in printing with two	resist and batik.	Use a graphics package
	range of drawing	types of brushes for	Join two parts	colour overlays.		to create images and
	implements e.g.	specific purposes.	successfully.		Gain further experience	effects.
	charcoal, pencil, crayon,			Create repeating	in changing and	
	chalk, pastels, pens etc.	Use light and dark within	Construct a simple base	patterns.	modifying thread and	Increase control and
		painting and begin to	for extending and		fabrics e.g. knotting,	precision of brush tools
	Demonstrate experience	explore complementary	modelling other shapes.	Demonstrate experience	fraying, fringing, pulling	when drawing lines.
	in different grades of	colours.		in 3 colour printing.	threads, twisting,	
	pencil and other		Use a sketchbook to		plaiting.	Change brush tool type

implements to draw different forms, tones and shapes. Begin to show an awareness of objects having a third dimension. Apply tone in drawing, in a simple way. Draw for a sustained amount of time, at an appropriate level.	Mix tints, shades and tones with increasing confidence. Mix colours and know which primary colours make secondary colours. Use more specific colour language. Drawing - Encourage more accurate drawings of people, particularly faces, looking closely at features and detail.	plan, collect and develop ideas, and record media explorations and experimentations, as well as try out ideas. Use papier-mâché to create a simple 3-D object. Use language appropriate to skill and technique.	Continue to gain experience in applying colour with printing.	Demonstrate experience in looking at fabrics from other countries.	to an appropriate style e.g. charcoal. Create shapes by making selections to cut, duplicate and repeat. Experiment with colours and textures by making an appropriate choice of special effects and simple filters, to manipulate and create images.
FOCUS ARTWORK: The Blue Vase (1887) Fruit and a Jug on a Table (1894) The Basket of Apples (1895)	Self-portrait (1901) Sleeping Drinker (1902) The Tragedy (1903) Can look at other artists who use colours in different way for different moods (main focus on Picasso).	Man Pointing (1947) Walking Man (1960) Standing Woman (1960) Woman with a Broken Shoulder (1964)	The Canyon Road (1920) Various artworks available to study here.	Various artworks available to study here.	The False Mirror (1928) Golconda (1953) The Son of Man (1964)
KEY VOCABULARY:					
Impressionism Form Tone Shape Hatching Contour hatching	Expressionism Blue Period Mood Colour meaning Expression Colour blocking	Surrealism Sculptor Sculpture Sculpt Elongated Wire	Block printing Mono printing Landscape Foreground Background Perspective	Contemporary art Batik Resist Pattern Dye/ink Cotton	Surrealism Subconscious Image Pixel Overlay Resize

Cross hatching	Colour wash	Frame	Printing block	Synthetics (nylon,	Canvas
Random hatching	Primary colour	Figure	Carve	polyester, spandex etc.)	Rotate
Stippling	Secondary colour	Clay	Negative space	Rayon	Layer
Texture	Tints	Rolling	Positive space	Linen	Duplicate
Perspective	Shades	Pulling	Print	Cashmere	Crop
Scale	Tones	Pinching	Roller	Silk	Cut-out
Proportion		Squeezing	Printing ink/ paint	Wool	
		Carving		Knotting	
		Smoothing		Fraying	
		Modelling tools		Fringing	
		Sponge		Pulling threads	
		Wire cutter		Twisting	
		Safety gloves		Plaiting	
				Decoration	
				Embellishment	

	Drawing	Colour - Painting	3D Art - Sculpture	Print Making	Textiles - Texture	Digital Media
Year	Develop intricate	Confidently control the	Work in a safe,	Increase awareness of	Textiles - Plan a design	Record and collect visual
4	patterns using different	types of marks made	organised way, caring	mono and relief printing.	in a sketchbook and	information using digital
	grades of pencil and	and experiment with	for equipment.		execute it.	cameras and video
	other implements to	different effects and		Demonstrate experience		recorders.
	create lines and marks.	textures e.g. blocking in	Plan, design and make	in fabric printing.	Gain experience in stitch	
		colour, washes,	models from		embroidery.	Present recorded visual
	Draw for a sustained	thickened paint creating	observation or	Continue to		images using software
	period of time at an	textural effects.	imagination.	demonstrate experience	Gain experience in	e.g. iPads applications,
	appropriate level.			in printing with two	weaving.	PowerPoint etc.
		Start to develop a	Secure work to continue	colour overlays.		
	Experiment with	painting from a drawing.	at a later date.		Apply decoration using	Use a graphics package
	different grades of			Create repeating	needle and thread e.g.	to create images and
	pencil and other	Begin to choose	Make a slip to join	patterns.	sequins, buttons.	effects.
	implements, to achieve	appropriate media to	pieces of clay.			
	variations in tone and	work with.		Expand experience in 3	Use weaving and	Increase control and
	make marks on a range		Construct a simple base	colour printing.	stitching to create	precision of brush tools
	of media.	Use light and dark when	for extending and		different textural	when drawing lines.
		painting and show an	modelling other shapes.		effects.	
	Make marks and lines	understanding of				Change brush tool type

(1750) Black Iris III (1926) from – looking at Grammar of Ornament website – particular Aces (1903)	and create textures and patterns with a wide range of drawing implements e.g. charcoal, pencil, crayon, chalk, pastels, pens etc. Experiment with ways in which surface detail can be added to drawings Have opportunities to develop further drawings featuring the third dimension and perspective. Further develop drawing a range of tones and lines using a pencil Include in their drawing a range of technique and begin to understand why they suit best. Begin to show an awareness of objects having a third dimension. Apply tone in drawing, in a simple way. FOCUS ARTWORK:	complementary colours. Mix colours, shades and tones with increasing confidence. Start to look at working in a style of a selected artist (not copying). Work on a range of scales. Create different effects and textures with paint according to what they need for the task. Mix colours and know which primary colours make secondary colours. Use more specific colour language. Use colour to reflect mood.	Adapt work as and when necessary and explain why. Use language appropriate to skill and technique.	Creat Evhibition (1951)	Use a range of natural materials e.g. grasses, leaves, twigs etc.	to an appropriate style e.g. charcoal. Create shapes by making selections to cut, duplicate and repeat. Experiment with colours and textures by making an appropriate choice of special effects and simple filters, to manipulate and create images.
River Landscape (1768- Hibiscus with Plumeria different shapes and (1856) focus given to those that A Friend in Need (1903)	, ,			•	_	, ,

70) Rocky Coastal Scene (1781)	(1939)	designs Bizarre (1927)		use embroidery over natural materials More examples of artwork can be found here.	Casual (2002) Walker Evans (201 Qey (2017)
KEY VOCABULARY:					
Rococo	Colour blocking	Art Deco	Architect	Embroidery	Anthropomorphisn
Ornament	Colour wash	Ceramic	Designer	Natural materials	Caricature
Landscape	Scale	Pottery	Mass production	Grasses	Meme
Depth	Proportion	Colour	Mixed media	Needle	Overlay
Foreground	Primary colours	Shape	Motif	Thread	Resize
Background	Secondary colours	Pattern	Negative spaces	Attach	Canvas
Picturesque	Complementary colours	Enamelling	Ornament	Stitch	Rotate
Viewpoint	Mixing	Gilder	Pattern	Embellishment	Layer
Lines	Tints	Back stamp	Positive spaces	Weaving	Duplicate
Charcoal	Shades	Clay	Printing block		Crop
Chalk	Tones	Slip	Printing ink		Cut-out
Tone	Dark	Joining	Relief printing		Merge
	Light	Pinching	Textile		
	_	Rolling			
		Squeezing			
		Pulling			
		Carving			
		Smoothing			

	Drawing	Colour - Painting	3D Art - Sculpture	Print Making	Textiles - Texture	Digital Media
Year	Work in a sustained and	Confidently control the	Work in a safe,	Use tools in a safe way.	Textiles – Gain	Record, collect and store
5	independent way to	types of marks made	organised way, caring		experience in weaving.	visual information using
	create a detailed	and experiment with	for equipment.	Continue to gain		digital cameras and
	drawing.	different effects and		experience in overlaying	Use a variety of	video recorders.
		textures including	Secure work to continue	colours.	techniques to create	
	Develop a key element	blocking in colour,	at a later date.		different textural effects	Present recorded visual
	of their work e.g. line,	washes, thickened paint,		Start to overlay prints	e.g. using different	images using software
	tone, pattern, texture	creating textural effects.	Develop skills in using	with other media.	materials when weaving.	e.g. iPads applications,
	etc.		clay including slabs,			PowerPoint etc.
		Mix and match colours	coils, slips etc.	Show experience in a	Change and modify	

	T	T	T		1
Observe and use a	to create atmosphere		range of mono print	threads and fabrics.	Use a graphics package
variety of techniques to	and light effects. Mix	Produce intricate	techniques.		to create and
show the effect of light	colour shades and tones	patterns and textures in		Use language	manipulate new images.
on objects and people	with confidence,	a malleable media.	Create printing blocks by	appropriate to skill and	
e.g. use rubbers to	building on previous		simplifying an initial	technique.	Be able to import an
lighten, use pencil to	knowledge.	Develop understanding	sketchbook idea.		image (scanned,
show tone, use tones of		of different ways of			retrieved, taken) into a
the same colour.	Start to develop their	finishing work e.g. glaze,	Use relief or impressed		graphics package.
	own style using tonal	paint, polish etc.	method.		
Look at the effect of	contrast and mixed				Understand that a digital
light on an object from	media.	Use recycled, natural			image is created by
different directions.		and man-made			layering.
	Develop a painting from	materials to create			
Produce increasingly	a picture.	sculptures confidently.			Create layered images
accurate drawings of					from original ideas
people.	Carry out preliminary	Adapt work as and when			(sketchbooks etc.).
	studies, trying out	necessary and explain			
Draw for a sustained	different media and	why.			
period of time at an	materials and mixing				
appropriate level.	appropriate colours.	Confidently carve a			
		simple form.			
Use different techniques	Create imaginative work				
for different purposes	from a variety of sources	Use language			
e.g. shading, hatching	e.g. observation,	appropriate to skill and			
within their own work.	themes, poetry, music.	technique.			
Begin to develop an					
awareness of	Be able to identify	Compare different styles			
composition, scale and	primary, secondary,	and approaches.			
proportion in their	complementary and				
drawing.	contrasting colours.				
Use drawing techniques	Work with				
to work from a variety of	complementary colours.				
sources including					
observation,	Use colour to express				
photographs and digital	moods and feelings.				

Develop close observation skills using a variety of view finders. FOCUS ARTWORK:					
Mona Lisa (1503 – possibly until 1519) Self Portrait (1512)	Impression, Sunrise (1873) The Houses of Parliament, Sunset (1903) San Giorgio Maggiore at Dusk (1908–1912)	Mother and Child (1934) Pelagos (1946) Squares with Two Circles (1963)	Strawberry Thief (1883) Woodpecker Tapestry (1885)	Monsoon (2016) Low Tide Disappearances (2016)	Retroactive 1 (1963) Estate (1963) Signs (1970)
KEY VOCABULARY:					
Sketching Tone Shading Hatching Line Pattern Texture Composition Proportion Pencil Eraser Pencil Grades (H, B, HB)	Impressionism Colour theory Mood Atmosphere Colour block Colour wash Primary colours Secondary colours Complementary colours Contrasting colours Shades Tones	Sculptor Sculpture Geometric Malleable Clay Slab Coil Slip Joining Rolling Pinching Carving	Arts and Crafts (movement) Soft-cut lino Burin (engraving tool) Gouge (tool) Relief print Printing ink Roller Printing block Negative space Positive space Floral	Contemporary art Weave Loom Warp Weft Fibres Tapestry Tension Traditional Intertwining Interlaced Thread	Abstract Expressionis Neo-Dada Collage Resize Canvas Rotate Layer Overlay Duplicate Crop Cut-out Merge

	Drawing	Colour - Painting	3D Art - Sculpture	Print Making	Textiles - Texture	Digital Media
Year	Work in a sustained and	Work in a sustained and	Work in a safe,	Develop ideas from a	Textiles – Experiment	Record, collect and store
6	independent way to	independent way to	organised way, caring	range of sources.	with a variety of	visual information using
	develop their style of	develop their style of	for equipment.		techniques exploiting	digital cameras and
	drawing. This style may	painting. This style may		See positive and	ideas from sketchbook.	video recorders.
	be through the	be through the	Secure work to continue	negative shapes.		

development of line,	development of colour,	at a later date.		Work in 2D and 3D as	Present recorded visual
tone, pattern and	tone and shade.		Demonstrate experience	required.	images using software
texture.		Model and develop work	in silk screen printing.		e.g. iPads applications,
	Purposely control the	by showing skills in using		Use language	PowerPoint etc.
Draw for a sustained	types of marks made	clay including slabs,	Describe techniques and	appropriate to skill and	
period of time over a	and experiment with	coils, slips etc.	processes.	technique.	Use a graphics package
number of sessions,	different effects and				to create and
working on one piece.	textures, including	Work around armatures	Develop their style using	Collage – Add collage to	manipulate new images.
Use different techniques	clocking in colour,	or over constructed	tonal and mixed media.	a painted, printed or	
for different purposes	washes, thickened paint,	fabrications.		drawn background.	Be able to import an
e.g. shading, hatching	creating textural effects.		Create printing stencils		image (scanned,
within their work.		Demonstrate experience	by simplifying an initial	Use a range of media to	retrieved, taken) into a
	Mix colours, shades and	in the understanding of	sketchbook idea.	create collages.	graphics package.
Develop their own style	tones with confidence,	different ways of			
using tonal contrast and	building on previous	finishing work e.g. glaze,	Use relief or impressed	Use different	Understand that a digital
mixed media.	knowledge and	paint, polish etc.	method.	techniques, colours and	image is created by
	understanding which			textures when designing	layering.
Have opportunities to	works well in their work	Demonstrate experience		and making pieces of	
further develop simple	and why.	in relief and		work.	Create layered images
perspective in their		freestanding work using			from original ideas
work, using a single focal	Develop a painting from	a range of media.		Use collage as a means	(sketchbooks etc.).
point and horizon.	a picture.			of extending work from	
		Confidently carve a		initial ideas.	
Develop an awareness	Carry our preliminary	simple form.			
of composition, scale	studies, trying out				
and proportion in their	different media and	Solve problems as they			
drawings.	materials and mixing	occur.			
	appropriate colours.	Hardan and			
Observe and use a	Constant and the second	Use language			
variety of techniques to	Create imaginative work	appropriate to skill and			
show the effect of light	from a variety of sources	technique.			
on objects and people	e.g. observation,				
e.g. use rubbers to	themes, poetry, music.				
lighten, use pencil to	Do oblo to idoutify				
show tone, use tones of	Be able to identify				
the same colour.	primary, secondary,				

light on an object from different directions.	Work with complementary colours. Use colour to express moods and feelings.				
FOCUS ARTWORK:					
Street Scene (1935) The Fever Van (1936) The Football Match (1949)	A Sunday Afternoon on the Island of La Grande Jatte (1884-86) The Morning Walk (1885) The Circus (1891)	The Nest (1994) Spider (1996) Maman (1999)	Barack Obama Hope Poster (2008) Make Art Not War (2017) We the People (2017) Protect Workers (2020)	Sgt. Pepper's Lonely Hearts Club Band (1967) Sources of Pop Art (various pieces)	Just what is it that mall today's homes so different? (1956) Four Self-Portraits (198 Just what is it that mall today's homes so different? (1992)
KEY VOCABULARY:					
One-point perspective Two-dimensional (2D) Three-dimensional (3D) Dimension Foreground Background Horizon line Converging lines Parallel lines Vanishing point Scale Proportion	Primary colours Secondary colours Complementary colours Pointillism Pattern Colour blend Analogous colours Cyan Magenta Yellow Black	Large scale Installation art Clay Mod-roc (plaster bandage) Modelling wire Wire cutters Wire mesh Safety Gloves Armature	Contemporary Art Screen printing Silk screen Printing ink Wooden frame Squeegee Fabric Stencil Craft knife Metal ruler Positive space Negative space Street art	Collage Mixed media Overlay/overlap Texture Background Pastiche Application Popular culture Pop Art Imagery	Resize Canvas Rotate Layer Duplicate Crop Cut-out Filter Retouch